Timeline of United Methodist History

1703 1707	John Wesley is born (June 17).
1707	Charles Wesley is born (December 18).
1729	John Wesley is ordained as a deacon in the Church of England.
	Charles Wesley forms the "Holy Club" at Oxford University.
1735	John and Charles Wesley embark for Georgia (October 14).
1738 1742	John Wesley's Aldersgate experience, "My heart felt strangely warmed." John Wesley organizes the Methodist society in Bristol, England into classes and issues quarterly tickets to members.
1745	Francis Asbury is born (August 20 or 21).
1747	Thomas Coke is born (September 28).
1769	Thomas Boardman and Joseph Pilmore arrive in America, the first two preachers appointed by Wesley for the colonies.
1771	Francis Asbury and Richard Wright sail for America.
1880	Wesley publishes A Collection of Hymns for the Use of the People called Methodists.
1784	Wesley ordains Richard Whatcoat and Thomas Vasey as preachers for America and commissions Thomas Coke to ordain others. Methodist Episcopal Church is organized at the "Christmas Conference,"
	Baltimore, Maryland. Francis Asbury is ordained by Coke. Asbury and Coke are named superintendents of the new church.
1786	Jonn Dickins prepares the first <i>Discipline</i> of the Methodist Episcopal
	Church
1788	Charles Wesley dies (March 29).
1790	The first successful American Sunday school is established in Philadelphia and the MEC officially recognizes the Sunday School as an institution of the church.
1791	John Wesley dies (March 2).
	The MEC holds its first General Conference with elected delegates.
1814	Thomas Coke dies (May 2) and is buried in the Indian Ocean.
1816	African Methodist Episcopal Church is formed.
	Francis Asbury dies (March 31).
1819	Missionary and Bible Society of the Methodist Episcopal Church is founded.
1826	The Christian Advocate (Methodist Episcopal newspaper) begins Publication.
1830	The Methodist Protestant Church is organized.
1839	Union Institute (MEC) is founded in Randolph County, North Carolina. It is the forerunner of Duke University, Durham.
1844	The Methodist Episcopal Church is divided, north and south, by the Plan of Separation. The issue of slavery also divides the Presbyterian and Baptist denominations. The Indian Mission conference is formed and placed under the jurisdictio of southern Methodism.
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1845	The Methodist Episcopal Church, South is formally organized in Louisville, Kentucky.
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1858	The Methodist Protestant Church divides over the issue of slavery.
1860	The Free Methodist church breaks away from the MEC.
1861	The Civil War begins.
1866	The MEC forms the Freedmen's Aid society to establish schools for
	former slaves in the South.
	Helenor M. Davison is ordained a deacon making her the first ordained woman in the Methodist tradition.
1869	The Woman's Foreign Missionary Society of the MEC is formed.
1870	The Colored Methodist Episcopal Church is organized out of the MECS. (The name is changed in 1956 to Christian Methodist Episcopal Church.)
1871	The North Carolina Colored Mission Conference (MP) is organized.
1877	The Methodist Protestant Church, divided in 1858 over the issue of
1077	slavery, formally reunites.
	The United Brethren General Conference votes to allow lay persons to be
	members of annual conferences.
	The first Methodist church building for Hispanic Americans is built in
	Key West, Florida.
1883	Women of the Evangelical Association organize the Women's Missionary
	Society.
1893	The woman's Home Missionary Society of the Methodist Protestant
	Church is organized.
1894	The United Evangelical Church breaks away from the Evangelical
	Association.
1904	Women are given laity rights and admitted to the MEC General
	Conference as delegates.
	The title "presiding elder" is replaced by "district superintendent" in the
2.2.3.2	MEC.
1910	The woman's Societies of the MECS are joined under one Woman's
	Missionary Council and made part of the general missionary organization
	of the church.
1014	The MEC introduces graded Sunday school lessons.
1914	World War I begins
1917	The U.S. enters the war.
1918	Armistice is signed November 11, ending the war.
1922	The United Evangelical Church and the Evangelical Association reunite to form The Evangelical Church.
1022	The first Cokesbury Hymnal is published.
1923	The Upper Room, a devotional magazine, begins publication.
1935	
1939	War begins in Europe. The Methodist Eniscopal Church, the Methodist Eniscopal Church, South
	The Methodist Episcopal Church, the Methodist Episcopal Church, South, and the Methodist Protestant Church reunite to form The Methodist
	Church.
1040	The U.S. enters World War II.
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1946	The Evangelical United Brethren Church (EUB) is formed from the merger of The Evangelical Church and the United Brethren in Christ.
1968	The Methodist Church and the Evangelical United Brethren merge to form The United Methodist Church.
1971	Women's organizations in The United Methodist Church merge to form United Methodist Women.
1989	The United Methodist Hymnal is published.
1992	The UMC Book of Worship is published.